

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the Application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method, comprising:

receiving an input, by a computer system executing an inverse query engine, wherein the input comprises a plurality of characters;

grouping, by the computer system, the plurality of characters into one or more elemental language units;

breaking, by the computer system, the one or more elemental language units into one or more constituent parts;

generating, by the computer system, opcodes from the one or more elemental language units and from the one or more constituent parts, wherein the language units have been parsed and compiled into opcodes;

merging, by the computer system, the opcodes into an opcode tree comprising opcode nodes and branch nodes, wherein there are no opcodes added to the opcode tree during an active merging;

evaluating, by the computer system, the input against multiple queries, wherein multiple queries comprising Xpath queries, by evaluating common query expressions of the multiple queries in parallel, at the same time, wherein the opcodes common to one or more queries are executed only once;

traversing, by the computer system, the opcode tree of hierarchical nature that includes a plurality of opcode nodes which together define opcodes that

should be executed to evaluate a plurality of queries, and wherein a tree segment in a shared path represents an opcode block prefix that is common to two or more queries;

identifying, by the computer system, a branch node including a number of branches, wherein a literal comparison is performed for each branch;

applying, by the computer system, an optimization algorithm when the number of branches of the branch node is above a specified number, wherein the optimization algorithm combines the literal comparisons of each of the branches into an indexed literal branch opcode object;

executing, by the computer system, each of the opcode nodes in the opcode tree as each opcode node is encountered in the traversal to evaluate the plurality of queries against the input;

indexing, by the computer system, branch opcodes to provide a framework for insertion of indexing techniques that are customized to a type of ~~comparison~~ comparison;

maintaining, by the computer system, an opcode ~~tree~~ tree copy that is used during query processing by the opcode tree, wherein operations may be undertaken on the opcode tree without ~~interfering~~ interfering with a query processing;

updating, by the computer system, the opcode tree, wherein the opcode nodes are merged into or removed from the opcode tree while the opcode tree copy is used for query processing;

wherein a relationship between the opcodes and the opcode tree is embedded in the opcodes that are created when a query is compiled;

determining, by the computer system, that the number of branches of the branch node is below the specified number; and

modifying, by the computer system, the indexed literal branch opcode object into a generic branch opcode object.

2. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, the executing step further comprising using an intermediate result to execute an opcode node when the opcode node includes one or more ancestor opcode nodes that have been executed to derive the intermediate result.

3. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, the executing step further comprising executing a single opcode node to evaluate at least a portion of at least two of the plurality of queries.

4. (Canceled)

5. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, the executing step further comprising executing a branch node to execute multiple opcode nodes that depend from the branch node, the branch node including an indexed branch lookup function.

6. (Original) The method as recited in claim 5, further comprising a hash function as the indexed branch lookup procedure.

7-14. (Canceled)

15. (Currently Amended) A query evaluation system, comprising:

a memory;

a processor coupled to the memory for executing a parallel evaluation of multiple queries;

a language analysis module generating input into opcodes, wherein an input comprises one or more elemental language units, and wherein the language analysis module parses and compiles the one or more elemental language units inputted;

an opcode merger configured to:

combine opcodes that are derived from compiling expressions into an opcode tree comprising opcode nodes, wherein the opcode merger detects using an optimization algorithm to implement an optimization technique that includes combining literal comparisons into an indexed literal branch opcode object, wherein there are no opcodes added to the opcode tree during an active merging;

determine ~~determining~~ that the optimization technique is to be removed; and ~~modify~~

modify the indexed literal branch opcode object into a generic branch opcode object in response to ~~determining~~ determining that the optimization technique is to be removed;

a query processor for evaluating an input against multiple queries, comprising of Xpath queries, wherein an evaluation is performed by traversing and executing each node of an opcode tree

the opcode tree of hierarchical nature stored in memory and containing opcode nodes that include opcode objects corresponding to a plurality of queries, each opcode object that is common to multiple queries being represented by a single opcode node;

the opcode tree that is used during processing by the query processor is copied and updated, wherein the opcode nodes are removed from the opcode tree while the opcode tree copy is used for query processing;

wherein a relationship between the opcodes and the opcode tree is embedded in the opcodes that are created when a query is compiled.

16. (Original) The query evaluation system as recited in claim 15, further comprising an input module configured to receive an input that is evaluated against each of the plurality of queries when the query processor executes the opcode nodes.

17. (Original) The query evaluation system as recited in claim 16 further configured to receive a SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) message as the input that is evaluated against the plurality of queries.

18. (Original) The query evaluation system as recited in claim 15, further comprising at least one branch node in the opcode tree that connects an opcode node to two or more dependent opcode nodes.

19. (Original) The query evaluation system as recited in claim 18, further comprising a branch node that includes a lookup routine to process the dependent opcode nodes.

20. (Original) The query evaluation system as recited in claim 15, further comprising an interim results cache that stores results of opcode node executions that are used in the execution of subsequent opcode nodes.

21. (Original) The query evaluation system as recited in claim 15, further comprising a filter table that stores the plurality of queries, the filter table further including a reference to the opcode tree.

22. (Original) The query evaluation system as recited in claim 15, an opcode object common to multiple queries further comprising an opcode object that is in a similar location of an opcode object sequence at the beginning of the multiple queries.

23. (Canceled)

24. (Currently Amended) One or more computer-readable storage media containing computer-executable instructions that, when executed by a computer, perform the following steps:

evaluating input against multiple queries, wherein the multiple queries comprising of Xpath queries, by evaluating common query expressions of the multiple queries in parallel at a same time, wherein the common query expressions are executed only once;

generating an input of elemental language units into opcodes;

merging opcodes into an opcode tree of hierarchical nature comprising opcode nodes and branch nodes, wherein the language units have been parsed and compiled into opcodes, wherein there are no opcodes added to the opcode tree during an active merging;

traversing the opcode tree that includes a plurality of opcode nodes which together define opcodes that should be executed to evaluate a plurality of queries, and wherein a tree segment in a shared path represents an opcode block prefix that is common to two or more queries;

executing opcode nodes as encountered in the opcode tree to evaluate a plurality of queries represented in the opcode tree, at least one opcode node corresponding to at least a portion of two or more of the plurality of queries;

indexing branch opcodes to provide a framework for insertion of indexing techniques that are customized to a type of comparison;

caching an execution context derived from the execution of a first segment of opcode nodes;

re-using the execution context when executing a second opcode node;

maintaining the opcode tree that is used during processing by making a copy of the opcode tree;

updating the opcode tree, wherein the opcode nodes are removed from the opcode tree while the opcode tree copy is used for query processing;

wherein a relationship between the opcodes and the opcode tree is embedded in the opcodes that are created when a query is compiled;

receiving a request to remove a particular query;

traversing the opcode tree to identify tree segments that are common between the particular query and at least one other query in the opcode tree;

identifying a branch of the opcode tree that is specific to the particular query; and

removing the branch that is specific to the particular query.

25. (Previously Presented) The one or more computer-readable storage media as recited in claim 24, wherein the first segment of opcode nodes includes ancestor opcode nodes of the second opcode node.

26. (Previously Presented) The one or more computer-readable storage media as recited in claim 24, the executing opcode nodes further comprising executing each opcode node a single time.

27. (Previously Presented) The one or more computer-readable storage media as recited in claim 24, the queries further comprising XPath queries.

28. (Previously Presented) The one or more computer-readable storage media as recited in claim 24, further comprising executing one or more branch nodes to execute one or more opcode nodes that depend from the branch node.

29. (Previously Presented) The one or more computer-readable storage media as recited in claim 28, the branch node further comprising an indexed lookup procedure to optimize execution of the dependent objects.

30. (Previously Presented) The one or more computer-readable storage media as recited in claim 24, further comprising executing one or more indexed branch nodes to execute a plurality of opcode nodes that depend from the branch node, the plurality of opcode nodes including a similar comparison function.

31. (Previously Presented) The one or more computer-readable storage media as recited in claim 30, the indexed branch node including a hash function, the opcode nodes including a literal comparison function.

32. (Previously Presented) The one or more computer-readable storage media as recited in claim 30, the indexed branch node including an index lookup procedure selected from the following list of index lookup procedures: a hash procedure; an interval tree procedure; a procedure utilizing tries.

33. (Previously Presented) The one or more computer-readable storage media as recited in claim 24, further comprising receiving an input that is evaluated against the plurality of queries using the opcode tree.

34. (Previously Presented) The one or more computer-readable storage media as recited in claim 33, further comprising a compiler configured to execute each query in the plurality of queries to derive the opcode nodes.

35. (Previously Presented) A method, comprising:
evaluating, by a computer system executing an inverse query engine, input against multiple queries by evaluating common query expressions of the multiple queries in parallel at a same time, wherein opcodes common to one or more queries are executed only once;

merging, by the computer system, opcodes into an opcode tree comprising opcode nodes and branch nodes, wherein elemental language units have been parsed and compiled into opcodes, and wherein there are no opcodes added to the opcode tree during an active merging;

executing, by the computer system, each opcode node of the opcode tree of hierarchical nature as encountered, wherein each opcode node corresponds to one or more of a plurality of XPath queries represented by the opcode nodes, at least a first opcode node corresponding to a first query and a second query;

indexing, by the computer system, branch opcodes to provide a framework for insertion of indexing techniques that are customized to a type of a comparison;

using, by the computer system, interim values from an execution context created in the execution of the first opcode node in the execution of a second opcode node corresponding to the second query to avoid re-creating at least a portion of the execution context, wherein the execution context includes a stack that includes results of the execution of the first opcode node;

maintaining, by the computer system, the opcode tree that is used during processing by making a copy of the opcode tree;

updating, by the computer system, the opcode tree, wherein the opcode nodes are removed from the opcode tree while the opcode tree copy is used for query processing;

wherein a relationship between the opcodes and the opcode trees is embedded in the opcodes that are created when a query is compiled;

implementing, by the computer system, a hash table when a specified number of subordinate opcode nodes of a particular branch node execute literal comparisons; and

reverting, by the computer system, from the hash table to a linear comparison when a number of literal comparison opcode objects is reduced below the specified number.

36. (Original) The method as recited in claim 35, the executing the opcode tree further comprising executing at least one branch node in order to execute two or more opcode nodes that depend from the branch node.

37. (Original) The method as recited in claim 36, the branch node further comprising an index lookup function to optimize execution of the two or more dependent opcode nodes.

38. (Original) The method as recited in claim 37, the indexed lookup function further comprising a hash function, a function utilizing tries or an interval tree function.